

[Prepared in accordance with Regulation EC 1907/2006 (REACH), as amended]

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking 1.1. Product identifier 00010 Dark & Black Wax Trade name: 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against Relevant identified uses: treatment of automobile painted surfaces. Uses advised against: not determined. 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet Supplier: Nowy Samochód S.A. Address: ul. Zbyszka Cybulskiego 3, 00-725 Warszawa, PL +48 602-444-356 Telephone/fax:

E-mail address for a competent person responsible for SDS: info@soft99.pl

1.4. Emergency telephone number

112 (general emergency telephone number)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Flam. Sol. 1 H228, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H336, Aquatic Chronic 2 H411 Flammable solid. Causes skin irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

2.2. Label elements

Hazard pictograms and signal words



Hazardous components placed on the label

hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%); kerosine (petroleum).

Hazard statements

Contains:

H228	Flammable solid.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

P102	Keep out of reach of children.
P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P273	Avoid release to the environment.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing.
P302+P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water and soap.
P304+P340	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P501	Dispose of contents/container to properly labelled waste containers according to national law.

Additional information

None.



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2.3. Other hazards

Product does not contain components, which meet criteria for PBT or vPvB in accordance with Annex XIII of REACH Regulation.

The product does not contain substances included in the list established in accordance with Article 59(1) for having endocrine disrupting properties, or substances identified as having endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at a concentration equal to or greater than 0,1 % by weight.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Not applicable.

3.2. Mixtures

hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%) Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, STOT SE 3 H336, Aquatic Chronic 2 H411 EUH066 ²⁾	45 % < C ≤ 55 %
kerosine (petroleum) Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H336, Aquatic Chronic 2 H411	15 % < C ≤ 25 %
nonane Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H336, Aquatic Acute 1 H400 (M=1), Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 (M=1)	C ≤ 10 %
xylene ¹⁾ Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Acute Tox. 4 H312, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, Acute Tox. 4 H332	C < 3 %
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene ¹⁾ Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, Acute Tox. 4 H332, STOT SE 3 H335, Aquatic Chronic 2 H411	C < 3 %
paraffin waxes and hydrocarbon waxes Eye Irrit. 2 H319	C ≤1 %
ethylbenzene ¹⁾ Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, Acute Tox. 4 H332, STOT RE 2 H373	C < 1 %
octane Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H336, Aquatic Acute 1 H400 (M=1), Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 (M=1) Note C	C < 1 %
toluene ¹⁾ Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H336, Repr. 2 H361d, STOT RE 2 H373	C < 0,3 %
	 aromatics (2-25%) Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, STOT SE 3 H336, Aquatic Chronic 2 H411 EUH066²¹ kerosine (petroleum) Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H336, Aquatic Chronic 2 H411 nonane Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H336, Aquatic Acute 1 H400 (M=1), Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 (M=1) xylene¹¹ Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Acute Tox. 4 H312, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, Acute Tox. 4 H332 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene¹¹ Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, Acute Tox. 4 H332, STOT SE 3 H335, Aquatic Chronic 2 H411 paraffin waxes and hydrocarbon waxes Eye Irrit. 2 H319 ethylbenzene¹¹ Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, Acute Tox. 4 H332, STOT RE 2 H373 octane Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H336, Aquatic Acute 1 H400 (M=1), Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 (M=1) Note C toluene¹¹ Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT



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CAS number: 100-51-6 EC number: 202-859-9 Index number: 603-057-00-5 Registration number: —	benzyl alcohol Acute Tox. 4 H302, Acute Tox. 4 H332	C ≤ 0,1 %
CAS number: 98-82-8 EC number: 202-704-5 Index number: 601-024-00-X Registration number: —	cumene ¹⁾ Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, STOT SE 3 H335, Carc. 1B H350, Aquatic Chronic 2 H411	C < 0,1 %

¹⁾ Substance with occupational exposure limits established on the European Union level.

²⁾ Additional hazard statement.

Full text of each H phrase is given in section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Contact with skin

Take off contaminated clothing. Wash the exposed parts of the skin thoroughly with water and soap. Consult a doctor if disturbing symptoms appear.

Contact with eyes

Protect non-irritated eye, remove contact lenses. Rinse contaminated eyes thoroughly with water for 10 - 15 minutes. Avoid powerful water stream – risk of cornea damage. Consult a ophthalmologist if disturbing symptoms appear.

Ingestion

Due to organoleptic properties, exposure by this route is unlikely. However in case of ingestion rinse mouth with water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Consult a doctor if disturbing symptoms occur.

After inhalation

Remove the victim to fresh air, keep warm and at rest. Consult a doctor if disturbing symptoms appear.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Contact with skin

The product may cause redness, burning sensation, irritation, skin dryness.

Contact with eyes

The product may cause burning sensation, tearing, conjunctival redness.

Ingestion

May cause nausea, vomiting, abdominal pains.

After inhalation

High concentration of vapours and mists may cause headaches, dizziness, somnolence.

Effects of exposure

There are no known effects other than those mentioned above.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Physician makes a decision regarding further medical treatment after thoroughly examination of the injured. Symptomatic treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

<u>Suitable extinguishing media:</u> carbon dioxide, water spray, sand, extinguishing foam resistant to alcohols, extinguishing powder.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: water jet - risk of the propagation of the flame.



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5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

During the fire may produce harmful gases containing e.g. carbon monoxides, nitrogen oxides, other hazardous unidentified products of thermal decomposition. Do not inhale combustion products, they can be dangerous for human health.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Do not stay in the fire zone without self-contained breathing apparatus and protective clothing resistant to chemicals. Cool down the containers that are endangered by fire with a water spray from a safe distance. Personal protection typical in case of fire. Collect used extinguishing media.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Limit the access for the outsiders into the breakdown area, until the suitable cleaning operations are completed. Ensure that only the trained personnel removes the effects of the accident. In case of large spills, isolate the exposed area. Eliminate all sources of ignition - do not use an open flame, do not smoke, do not use sparking tools, etc. Caution: risk of slipping on the released product. Wear shoes with anti-slip soles. Use personal protective equipment.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow the product to get into the sewage system, surface waters and soil. In case of release of large amounts of the product, it is necessary to take appropriate steps to prevent it from spreading into the environment. Notify relevant emergency services.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect the released product mechanically. Transfer the collected material for recycling or treat it as waste, placing it in properly labeled containers. Continue to follow the applicable regulations.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Appropriate conduct with waste product – see section 13. Personal protective equipment – see section 8.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Handle in accordance with good occupational hygiene and safety practices. Provide general and / or local ventilation in the workplace. Use personal protective equipment. Before break and after work wash hands carefully. Keep the unused containers tightly closed. Do not eat, drink and smoke during the work. Avoid eyes and skin contamination. Eliminate sources of ignition - do not use an open flame, do not smoke, do not use sparking tools and clothes made of fabrics susceptible to static electricity.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in properly labeled, sealed packages in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from incompatible materials (see subsection 10.5). Keep away from, foodstuffs and animal feed . Keep away from sources of fire. Smoking, using open fire and sparking tools is prohibited in the warehouse.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

No information about other uses than those mentioned in subsection 1.2.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limit Values

Specification	TWA 8 hour	STEL 15 min	Notation
xylene	221 mg/m³	442 mg/m ³	skin
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	100 mg/m³	-	
ethylbenzene	442 mg/m ³	884 mg/m³	skin
toluene	192 mg/m³	384 mg/m ³	skin



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ſ	Specification	TWA 8 hour	STEL 15 min	Notation
Ī	cumene	50 mg/m³	250 mg/m³	skin

Legal Basis: Commission Directive 91/322/EEC, 2000/39/EC, 2006/15/EC, 2009/161/EU, 2017/164/EU, 2019/1831/EU.

Recommended control procedures

Procedures for monitoring concentrations of hazardous components in the air and procedures for monitoring air purity in the workplace should be applied - if available and justified at a given position - in accordance with the relevant national or European Standards, taking into account the conditions at the site of exposure and the appropriate measurement methods adapted to the working conditions. The mode, type and frequency of tests and measurements should meet the requirements of the appropriate laws.

DNEL and PNEC

Not applicable.

8.2. Exposure controls

Industrial hygiene

Use the product in accordance with good occupational hygiene and safety practices. Do not eat, drink and smoke during the work. Before break and after work wash hands carefully. Ensure adequate general and/or local ventilation at the workplace. If during work processes there is a risk of clothing fire on the employee - no more than 20 m in a horizontal line from the stations where these processes are performed, emergency showers (safety showers) for washing the whole body and separate showers (showers) for eye washing should be installed.

Individual protection measures

The necessity to use and the selection of appropriate personal protective equipment should take into account the type of risk posed by the product, working conditions and the way of handling the product. The personal protective equipment used must meet the requirements of Regulation (EU) 2016/425 and the relevant standards. The employer is obliged to provide protection measures appropriate to the activities performed and meeting all quality requirements, including their maintenance and cleaning. Any contaminated or damaged PPE must be replaced immediately.

Hand protection

Use protective gloves resistant to chemicals according to EN 374. Select the material for the gloves individually at the workplace. Recommended material for gloves: PVC.

The glove material has to be impermeable and resistant to the product. The choice of material for protective gloves should be made taking into account the breakthrough times, permeation rate and degradation. Moreover, the selection of the appropriate gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on other quality characteristics and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer. The exact breakthrough time has to be obtained from the glove manufacturer and it must be observed.

Body protection

Depending on the performed task, use protective clothing appropriate to the potential hazard. In case of a prolonged contact with the product, use protective clothing made of coated or impregnated fabrics.

Eye protection

If there is a risk of eye contamination, use safety glasses in accordance with the EN 166 standard.

Respiratory protection

Not required with adequate ventilation. In cases where the risk assessment indicates that it is necessary, respiratory protective equipment compliant with the EN136 standard (masks) or EN 140 (half masks, quarter masks) should be used.

Thermal hazards

Not applicable.

Environmental exposure controls

Prevent direct release to drains/ surface waters. Do not contaminate surface waters and drainage ditches with chemicals or used containers. Released product or uncontrolled spills to surface waters should be reported to appropriate authorities in accordance with local and national legislations. Dispose as chemical waste, in accordance with local and national legislation.



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SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state:	solid
Colour:	blue
Odour:	characteristic
Melting point/freezing point:	not determined
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range:	140-310 °C (CAS: 8008-20-6)
Flammability:	flammable
Lower and upper explosion limit:	0,6-7 % vol. (CAS: 8008-20-6)
Flash point:	not applicable
Auto-ignition temperature:	230 °C (CAS: 8008-20-6)
Decomposition temperature:	not applicable
pH:	not determined
Kinematic viscosity:	not applicable
Solubility:	not soluble in water
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value):	not applicable
Vapour pressure:	not applicable
Density and/or relative density:	not determined
Relative vapour density:	not applicable
Particle characteristics:	not determined

9.2. Other information

No additional tests.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Product is reactive. It does not go under hazardous polimeryzation. See also subsection 10.3-10.5.

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable under normal conditions of use and storage.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions are not known.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid heat sources, open flames, sparking tools and direct sunlight.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Avoid contact with following materials: strong oxidants.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Not known.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity

kerosine (petroleum) [CAS 8008-20-6]

LC50 (inhalation, rat)

> 5,28 mg/l/4h



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xylene [CAS 1330-20-7]			
LC₅₀ (inhalation, rat)	6700 ppm/4h		
D50 (oral, rat) 3523 mg/kg			
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene [CAS 95-63-6]			
LC₅₀ (inhalation, rat)	18 mg/m³/4h		
LD₅₀ (oral, rat)	5000 mg/kg		
LD50 (skin, rat)	3440 mg/kg		
ethylbenzene [CAS 100-41-4]			
LD₅₀ (oral, rat)	3500 mg/kg		
LD₅₀ (skin, rabbit)	17,8 ml/kg		
octane [CAS 111-65-9]			
LC50 (inhalation, rat)	> 24,88 mg/l/4h		
toluene [CAS 108-88-3]			
LC₅₀ (inhalation, rat)	25,7 mg/l/4h		
LD₅₀ (oral, rat)	5580 mg/kg		
LD₅₀ (skin, rabbit)	> 5000 mg/kg		
benzyl alcohol [CAS 100-51-6]			
LC₅₀ (inhalation, rat)	> 4178 mg/m³/4h		
LD₅₀ (oral, rat)	1,55 ml/kg		
LD₅₀ (skin, rabbit)	> 2000 mg/kg		
cumene [CAS 98-82-8]			
LD₅₀ (oral, rat)	2700 mg/kg		
LD₅₀ (skin, rabbit)	> 3160 mg/kg		

Mixture

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.



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STOT-single exposure

Product vapours may cause headaches, dizziness and drowsiness.

STOT-repeated exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration hazard

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Information on likely routes of exposure

Exposure route: eye exposure, skin exposure, inhalation, ingestion. For more information on the impact of each possible route of exposure, see subsection 4.2.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

See subsection 4.2 of the SDS.

<u>Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure</u> See subsection 4.2 of the SDS.

11.2. Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties

The product does not contain substances included in the list established in accordance with Article 59(1) for having endocrine disrupting properties, or substances identified as having endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at a concentration equal to or greater than 0,1 % by weight.

<u>Other information</u> No data on other hazards.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

nonane [CAS 111-84-2]				
EC₅₀ (invertebrates)	0,2 mg/l / 48 h / Daphnia magna	method: —		
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene [CAS 95-63-6]				
LC₅₀ (fish)	7,72 mg/l / 96 h / Pimephales promelas	method: —		
LC₅₀ (invertebrates)	3,6 mg/l / 48 h / Daphnia magna	method: —		
EC₅o (algae)	2,356 mg/l / 96 h / —	method: —		
ethylbenzene [CAS 100-41-4]				
LC50 (fish)	5,1 mg/l / 96 h / Menidia menidia	method: —		
EC₅₀ (invertebrates)	1,8 - 2,4 mg/l / 48 h / Daphnia magna	method: —		
EC₅o (algae)	5,4 mg/l / 72 h / Raphidocelis subcapitata	method: —		
octane [CAS 111-65-9]				
EC₅o (invertebrates)	0,3 mg/l / 48 h / Daphnia magna	method: —		
toluene [CAS 108-88-3]				
LC50 (fish)	5,5 mg/l / 96 h / Oncorhynchus kisutch	method: —		
NOEC (fish)	1,39 mg/l / 40 days / Oncorhynchus kisutch	method: —		
NOEC (invertebrates)	0,74 mg/l / 7 days / Ceriodaphnia dubia	method: —		
EC₅₀ (microorganisms)	84 mg/l / 24 h / Nitrosomonas sp.	method: —		



[Prepared in accordance with Regulation EC 1907/2006 (REACH), as amended]

benzyl alcohol [CAS 100-51-6]			
LC₅o (fish)	460 mg/l / 96 h / Pimephales promelas	method: EPA OPP 72-1	
EC₅₀ (invertebrates)	230 mg/l / 48 h / Daphnia magna	method: OECD 202	
NOEC (invertebrates)	51 mg/l / 21 days / Daphnia magna	method: OECD 211	
EC₅o (algae)	500 mg/l / 72 h / Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	method: OECD 201	
cumene [CAS 98-82-8]			
LC₅₀ (fish)	4,7 mg/l / 96 h / Cyprinodon variegatus	method: EPA OTS 797.1400	
EC₅₀ (invertebrates)	2,14 mg/l / 48 h / Daphnia magna	method: OECD 202 / EU C.2	
NOEC (invertebrates)	0,35 mg/l / 21 days / Daphnia magna	method: OECD 211	
EC₅o (algae)	1,29 mg/l / 72 h / Desmodesmus subspicatus	method: OECD 201 / EU C.3	
EC₅₀ (microorganisms)	> 2000 mg/l / 3 h / —	method: OECD 209 / EU C.11	
Mixture			
Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.			

12.2. Persistence and degradability

nonane CAS 111-84-2	Easily biodegradable	100%/25 days	method: —
ethylbenzene CAS 100-41-4	Easily biodegradable	70-80%/28 days	method: —
octane CAS 111-65-9	Easily biodegradable	28,3%/2 days	method: —
benzyl alcohol CAS 100-51-6	Easily biodegradable	95%/21 days	method: OECD 301 A
cumene CAS 98-82-8	Easily biodegradable	70%/20 days	method: —

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

nonane	log Po/w = 5,65	method: —
CAS 111-84-2	BCF = 105	method: —
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	log Po/w = 3,63	method: —
CAS 95-63-6	BCF = 243	method: —
ethylbenzene	log Po/w = 3,6	method: EU A.8
CAS 100-41-4	BCF = —	method: —
octane	log Po/w = 5,15	method: —
CAS 111-65-9	BCF = 198,7	method: —
toluene	log Po/w = 2,73	method: —
CAS 108-88-3	BCF = 90	method: —



[Prepared in accordance with Regulation EC 1907/2006 (REACH), as amended]

log Po/w = 0,87 BCF =	method: — method: —
log Po/w = 3,55	method: OECD 107 method: —
	BCF =

12.4. Mobility in soil

Mobility of components of the mixture in soil depends on the hydrophilic and hydrophobic properties and biotic and abiotic conditions of soil, including its structure, climatic conditions, seasons and soil organisms.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Product does not contain components, which meet criteria for PBT or vPvB in accordance with Annex XIII of REACH Regulation.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

The product does not contain substances included in the list established in accordance with Article 59(1) for having endocrine disrupting properties, or substances identified as having endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at a concentration equal to or greater than 0,1 % by weight.

12.7. Other adverse effects

The mixture is not classified as hazardous to the ozone layer. Consider other harmful effects of individual components of the mixture on the environment (eg, global warming potential).

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Recommendations for the product

The waste product should be recovered or disposed of in authorized incineration plants or waste disposal / neutralization plants, in accordance with applicable regulations. Do not empty into drains.

Recommendations for used packaging

Reuse / recycle / eliminate empty containers in accordance with the local legislation. Only completely empty containers can be reused.

EU legal acts: directives of the European Parliament and of the Council: 2008/98 / EC as amended and 94/62 / EC as amended.

Recommended waste codes

The waste code should be assigned at the place of its formation.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1.UN number or ID number

UN 1325

14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR

FLAMMABLE SOLID, ORGANIC, N.O.S.

[KEROSINE (PETROLEUM), HYDROCARBONS, C9-C12, N-ALKANES, ISOALKANES, CYCLICS, AROMATICS (2-25%)] IMDG

FLAMMABLE SOLID, ORGANIC, N.O.S.

[KEROSINE (PETROLEUM), HYDROCARBONS, C9-C12, N-ALKANES, ISOALKANES, CYCLICS, AROMATICS (2-25%)] ICAO/IATA

FLAMMABLE SOLID, ORGANIC, N.O.S.

[KEROSINE (PETROLEUM), HYDROCARBONS, C9-C12, N-ALKANES, ISOALKANES, CYCLICS, AROMATICS (2-25%)]



[Prepared in accordance with Regulation EC 1907/2006 (REACH), as amended]

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

4.1

14.4. Packing group

П

14.5 Environmental bazards

ADR	yes
IMDG	yes
ICAO/IATA	yes

14.6. Special precautions for user

Use personal protective equipment according to section 8 when handling the product. Avoid sources of heat and fire.

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable.	Not	applicable.
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Adc	litiona	data

ADR	limited quantity LQ	1 kg
	transport category	2
	tunnel restriction code	(E)
IMDG	limited quantity LQ	1 kg
	EmS code	F-A, S-G
ICAO/IATA	packing instruction (LQ)	Y441
	limited quantity (LQ)	5 kg
	packing instruction, passenger	445
	maximum quantity, passenger	15 kg
	packing instruction, cargo	448
	maximum quantity, cargo	50 kg

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

ADR Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.

IMDG Code International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code

IATA Dangerous Goods Regulations

1907/2006/EC REGULATION OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH), establishing a European Chemicals Agency, amending Directive 1999/45/EC and repealing Council Regulation (EEC) No 793/93 and Commission Regulation (EC) No 1488/94 as well as Council Directive 76/769/EEC and Commission Directives 91/155/EEC, 93/67/EEC, 93/105/EC and 2000/21/EC (as amended).

1272/2008/EC REGULATION OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, amending and repealing Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC, and amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (as amended).

2020/878/EU COMMISSION REGULATION of 18 June 2020 amending Annex II to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals..

2000/39/EC COMMISSION DIRECTIVE of 8 June 2000 establishing a first list of indicative occupational exposure limit values in implementation of Council Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work.

2006/15/EC COMMISSION DIRECTIVE of 7 February 2006 establishing a second list of indicative occupational exposure limit values in implementation of Council Directive 98/24/EC and amending Directives 91/322/EEC and 2000/39/EC.

2009/161/EU COMMISSION DIRECTIVE of 17 December 2009 establishing a third list of indicative occupational exposure limit values in implementation of Council Directive 98/24/EC and amending Commission Directive 2000/39/EC.



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2017/164/EU COMMISSION DIRof 31 January 2017 establishing a fourth list of indicative occupational exposure limit values pursuant to Council Directive 98/24/EC, and amending Commission Directives 91/322/EEC, 2000/39/EC and 2009/161/EU. 2019/1831/EU COMMISSION DIRECTIVE of 24 October 2019 establishing a fifth list of indicative occupational exposure limit

values pursuant to Council Directive 98/24/EC and amending Commission Directive 2000/39/EC.

2008/98/EC DIRECTIVE OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 19 November 2008 on waste and repealing certain Directives (as amended).

European Parliament and Council Directive 94/62/EC of 20 December 1994 on packaging and packaging waste as amended 2016/425/EU REGULATION OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 9 March 2016 on personal protective equipment and repealing Council Directive 89/686/EEC.

Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles (Annex XVII, REACH): toluene.

The components of the mixture are not included in Annex XIV of the REACH Regulation.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment is not required for mixtures.

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of H phrases mentioned in section 3

H225Highly flammable liquid and vapour.H226Flammable liquid and vapour.H304Harmful if swallowed.H304May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.H312Harmful in contact with skin.H313Causes skin irritation.H314Causes scious eye irritation.H335May cause arous rejoration in thinked.H336May cause arous rejoration in thinked.H337May cause arous rejoration in thinked.H336May cause drowsiness or dizziness.H351May cause drowsiness or dizziness.H352May cause drowsiness or dizziness.H353May cause drowsiness or dizziness.H354Very toxic to aquatic life.H410Very toxic to aquatic life.H411Toxic to aquatic life.H411Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.H411Some organic substances may be marketed either in a specific isomeric form or as a mixture of several isomers.Chriftent of betwetGerman Institute for StandardizationDNELGerman Institute for StandardizationDNELEnrel exonermiting In statistically calculated concentration of a chemical substance in an under certain conditions.FNEinfertive concentration) - statistically calculated concentration of a chemical substance in a under certain conditions.FNEinfertive concentration of statistically calculated concentration of a chemical substance in a under certain conditions.FNEinfertive concentration of statistically calculated concentration of a chemical substance in a under certain conditions	EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
H302Harmful if swallowed.H304May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.H312Harmful in contact with skin.H313Causes skin irritation.H314Causes skin irritation.H315Causes skin irritation.H332Harmful if inhaled.H335May cause respiratory irritation.H336May cause drowsiness or dizziness.H350May cause drowsiness or dizziness.H351Suspected of damaging the unborn child.H373May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.H400Very toxic to aquatic life.H410Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.H411Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.Note CSome organic substances may be marketed either in a specific isomeric form or as a mixture of several isomers.Claffication of abbrietietsStandardizationDNLDerived No-Effect Level.ECsa(median effective concentration) - statistically calculated concentration of a chemical substance in an environmental medium that can cause specific effects in 50% of the tested organisms of a given population under certain conditions.ENATempean standardIATAInternational AirTransport Association.IMDGInternational AirTransport Association.IMDGInternational AirTransport Association.IMDGInternational AirTransport Association.IMDGInternational AirTransport Association.IMDGInternational AirTransport Association.IMDGInternational AirTransport Associatio	H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H304May be fathl if swallowed and enters airways.H312Harmful in contact with skin.H315Causes skin irritation.H319Causes serious eye irritation.H332Harmful if inhaled.H335May cause respiratory irritation.H336May cause caresritation.H350May cause career.H361Suspected of damaging the unborn child.H373May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.H410Very toxic to aquatic life.H411Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.H411Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.Note CSome organic substances may be marketed either in a specific isomeric form or as a mixture of several isomers.Clarification of abbreviations and acromymsADRAgreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.DINLDerived No-Effect Level.ECso(median effective concentration) - statistically calculated concentration of a chemical substance in an environmental medium that can cause specific effects in 50% of the tested organisms of a given population under certain conditions.ENAEuropan standardIATAThe International Air Transport Association.IMDGInternational Air Transport Association.IMDGInternational Air Transport Association.IATAKeitonal Air Transport Association.IATAKeitonal Air Transport Association.IATAInternational Air Transport Association.IATAInternational Air Transport Association.	H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H312Hamful in contact with skin.H315Causes skin irritation.H319Causes serious eye irritation.H320Hamful if inhaled.H331May cause respiratory irritation.H336May cause respiratory irritation.H336May cause arcer.H361dSuspected of damaging the unborn child.H373May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.H400Very toxic to aquatic life.H411Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.H411Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.Note CSome organic substances may be marketed either in a specific isomeric form or as a mixture of several isomers.Clarification of abbreviation of a deronymsADRAgreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.DINLGerman Institute for StandardizationDNELECsoENEvopean standardLTAThe International Air Transport Association.IATAThe International Air Transport Association.IATAInternational Air Transport Association.IADGInternational Air Transport Association.IADGInternational Air Transport Association.IATAInternational Organization for StandardizationIATAInternational Air Transport Association.IADGInternational Air Transport Association.IADGInternational Air Transport Association.IADGInternational Air Transport Association.IADGInternational Air Transport Association. <t< td=""><td>H302</td><td>Harmful if swallowed.</td></t<>	H302	Harmful if swallowed.
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H400Very toxic to aquatic life.H410Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.H411Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.Note CSome organic substances may be marketed either in a specific isomeric form or as a mixture of several isomers.Clarification of abbrevitions and acronymsADRAgreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.DINGerman Institute for StandardizationDNELDerived No-Effect Level.ECso(median effective concentration) - statistically calculated concentration of a chemical substance in an environmental medium that can cause specific effects in 50% of the tested organisms of a given population under certain conditions.ENEuropean standardIATAThe International Air Transport Association.IMDGInternational Maritime Dangerous Goods Code.ISOInternational Organization for StandardizationLCsoConcentration of a substance that is lethal to 50 percent of the organisms in a toxicity test.	H361d	Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
H410Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.H411Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.Note CSome organic substances may be marketed either in a specific isomeric form or as a mixture of several isomers.Clarification of abbrevitons and acronymsADRAgreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.DINGerman Institute for StandardizationDNELDerived No-Effect Level.ECso(median effective concentration) - statistically calculated concentration of a chemical substance in an environmental medium that can cause specific effects in 50% of the tested organisms of a given population under certain conditions.ENEuropean standardIATAThe International Air Transport Association.IMDGInternational Maritime Dangerous Goods Code.ISOInternational Organization for StandardizationLCsoConcentration of a substance that is lethal to 50 percent of the organisms in a toxicity test.	H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
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ECso(median effective concentration) - statistically calculated concentration of a chemical substance in an environmental medium that can cause specific effects in 50% of the tested organisms of a given population under certain conditions.ENEuropean standardIATAThe International Air Transport Association.IMDGInternational Maritime Dangerous Goods Code.ISOInternational Organization for StandardizationLCsoConcentration of a substance that is lethal to 50 percent of the organisms in a toxicity test.	DIN	German Institute for Standardization
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IATAThe International Air Transport Association.IMDGInternational Maritime Dangerous Goods Code.ISOInternational Organization for StandardizationLCsoConcentration of a substance that is lethal to 50 percent of the organisms in a toxicity test.	EC50	environmental medium that can cause specific effects in 50% of the tested organisms of a given population
IMDGInternational Maritime Dangerous Goods Code.ISOInternational Organization for StandardizationLC50Concentration of a substance that is lethal to 50 percent of the organisms in a toxicity test.	EN	European standard
ISOInternational Organization for StandardizationLC50Concentration of a substance that is lethal to 50 percent of the organisms in a toxicity test.	ΙΑΤΑ	The International Air Transport Association.
LC ₅₀ Concentration of a substance that is lethal to 50 percent of the organisms in a toxicity test.	IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code.
	ISO	International Organization for Standardization
LD50 Dose of a substance that is lethal to 50 percent of the organisms in a toxicity test.	LC50	Concentration of a substance that is lethal to 50 percent of the organisms in a toxicity test.
	LD50	Dose of a substance that is lethal to 50 percent of the organisms in a toxicity test.



[Prepared in accordance with Regulation EC 1907/2006 (REACH), as amended]

NOEC	The highest concentration that does not cause a statistically significant adverse effect in the exposed population, when compared with its appropriate control.
OECD	Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development
PBT	Persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic substance.
PNEC	Predicted no-effect concentration.
RID	The Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail.
vPvB	Very persistent and very bioaccumulative substance.
Acute Tox. 4	Acute toxicity - category 4
Aquatic Acute 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute - category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic - category 1
Aquatic Chronic 2	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic - category 2
Asp. Tox. 1	Aspiration hazard - category 1
Carc. 1B	Carcinogenicity - category 1B
Eye Irrit. 2	Eye irritation - category 2
Flam. Liq. 2	Flammable liquid - category 2
Flam. Liq. 3	Flammable liquid - category 3
Flam. Sol. 1	Flammable solid - category 1
Repr. 2	Reproductive toxicity - category 2
STOT RE 2	Specific target organ toxicity — repeated exposure - category 2
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity — single exposure - category 3
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin irritation - category 2

<u>Trainings</u>

Before commencing working with the product, the user should learn the Health & Safety regulations, regarding handling chemicals, and in particular, undergo a proper workplace training. Personnel related with the transport of hazardous substances in accordance with the ADR agreement should be trained and should obtain proper certification in a range of their obligations (general training, workplace training, safety training).

Key literature references and sources of data

This SDS was prepared on the basis of the safety data sheet provided by the manufacturer, literature data, online databases (e.g. ECHA, TOXNET, COSING), our knowledge and experience, taking into account the current legislation.

Procedures used for the mixture classification according with Regulation 1272/2008/EC as amended

Flam. Sol. 1 H228	based on the manufacturer's data
Skin Irrit. 2 H315	calculation method
STOT SE 3 H336	calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 2 H411	calculation method
Additional information	
Changes:	section: 1-16
SDS issued by:	THETA Consulting Sp. z o.o.

The information above is based on a current available data concerning the product, but also on the experience and knowledge in this field of the producer. They are neither a quality description of the product nor a guarantee of particular features. They are to be treated as aid to safety in transport, storage and usage of the product. That does not free the user from the responsibility of improper usage of the information above and also of improper compliance with the law norms in the field.